

MUL1 Antibody (C-term)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP12811b

Specification

MUL1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	O969V5
Other Accession	O4R7G8 , NP_078820.2
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Monkey
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	39800
Antigen Region	272-301

MUL1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 79594

Other Names

Mitochondrial ubiquitin ligase activator of NFKB 1, 632-, E3 SUMO-protein ligase MUL1, E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase MUL1, Growth inhibition and death E3 ligase, Mitochondrial-anchored protein ligase, MAPL, Putative NF-kappa-B-activating protein 266, RING finger protein 218, MUL1, C1orf166, GIDE, MAPL, MULAN, RNF218

Target/Specificity

This MUL1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 272-301 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human MUL1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

MUL1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MUL1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name MUL1**Synonyms** C1orf166, GIDE, MAPL, MULAN, RNF218

Function Exhibits weak E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity (PubMed:[18591963](#), PubMed:[19407830](#), PubMed:[22410793](#)). E3 ubiquitin ligases accept ubiquitin from an E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme in the form of a thioester and then directly transfer the ubiquitin to targeted substrates (PubMed:[18591963](#), PubMed:[19407830](#), PubMed:[22410793](#)). Can ubiquitinate AKT1 preferentially at 'Lys-284' involving 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitination and seems to be involved in regulation of Akt signaling by targeting phosphorylated Akt to proteasomal degradation (PubMed:[22410793](#)). Mediates polyubiquitination of cytoplasmic TP53 at 'Lys-24' which targets TP53 for proteasomal degradation, thus reducing TP53 levels in the cytoplasm and mitochondrion (PubMed:[21597459](#)). Proposed to preferentially act as a SUMO E3 ligase at physiological concentrations (PubMed:[19407830](#)). Plays a role in the control of mitochondrial morphology by promoting mitochondrial fragmentation, and influences mitochondrial localization (PubMed:[18207745](#), PubMed:[18213395](#), PubMed:[19407830](#)). Likely to promote mitochondrial fission through negatively regulating the mitochondrial fusion proteins MFN1 and MFN2, acting in a pathway that is parallel to the PRKN/PINK1 regulatory pathway (PubMed:[24898855](#)). May also be involved in the sumoylation of the membrane fission protein DNM1L (PubMed:[18207745](#), PubMed:[19407830](#)). Inhibits cell growth (PubMed:[18591963](#), PubMed:[22410793](#)). When overexpressed, activates JNK through MAP3K7/TAK1 and induces caspase-dependent apoptosis (PubMed:[23399697](#)). Involved in the modulation of innate immune defense against viruses by inhibiting RIGI-dependent antiviral response (PubMed:[23399697](#)). Can mediate RIGI sumoylation and disrupt its polyubiquitination (PubMed:[23399697](#)).

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion outer membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Peroxisome. Note=Transported in mitochondrion- derived vesicles from the mitochondrion to the peroxisome

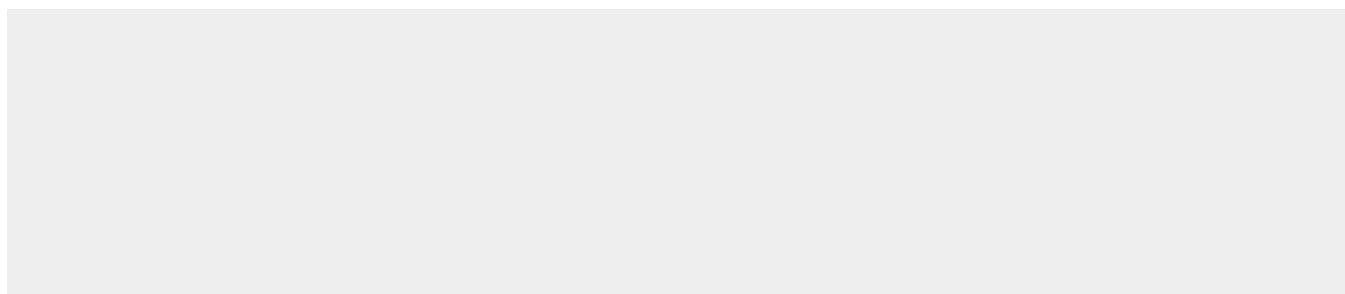
Tissue Location

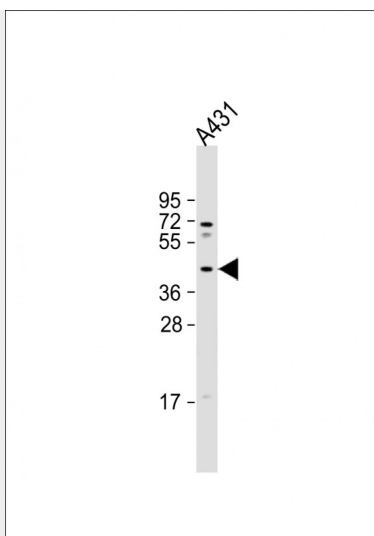
Widely expressed with highest levels in the heart, skeletal muscle, placenta, kidney and liver. Barely detectable in colon and thymus.

MUL1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

MUL1 Antibody (C-term) - Images



Anti-MUL1 Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution + A431 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 40 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

MUL1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that plays a role in the control of mitochondrial morphology. Promotes mitochondrial fragmentation and influences mitochondrial localization. Inhibits cell growth. When overexpressed, activates JNK through MAP3K7/TAK1 and induces caspase-dependent apoptosis. E3 ubiquitin ligases accept ubiquitin from an E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme in the form of a thioester and then directly transfer the ubiquitin to targeted substrates.

MUL1 Antibody (C-term) - References

- Laure, L., et al. FEBS J. 277(20):4322-4337(2010)
- Braschi, E., et al. EMBO Rep. 10(7):748-754(2009)
- Venkatesan, K., et al. Nat. Methods 6(1):83-90(2009)
- Zhang, B., et al. Cell Res. 18(9):900-910(2008)
- Zhang, H., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 366(4):898-904(2008)